



BOWEN UNIVERSITY, IWO
College of Management and Social Sciences
Industrial Relations and Personnel Management Programme
Second Semester 2021/2022 Examination

Level	: 100
Course Title	: INTRODUCTION TO LAW
Course Code	: IRP 110
Credit	: 2
Instruction	: ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS IN SECTION A & THREE IN SECTION B
Time Allowed	: 2.5 HOURS
Date	: Thursday 14 th July, 2022

SECTION A

Answer all questions (1.5 Marks each)

1. An agreement on goods which is a subject of a contract but is not the main reason for forming the contract is known as
2. The pressure brought to bear upon one of the contracting parties to induce him to enter into the contract is known as
3. In Equity; contractual documents can be altered to represent what was agreed, this is known as
4. A false statement of fact (not law) made by one party which induces the other (innocent) party into making a contract is known as
5. Replacing the old contract with a new one, with fresh terms is known as
6. A promise which follows a completed act which is independent of the act or service performed is known as
7. Where only one party is mistaken as to the identity of the other party he is contracting with or as to the nature of document she is signing, then this is a
8. Basic rights to which every citizen is entitled within a polity is referred to as
9. The three features of agency are service, and to affect the legal position of the principal.
10. The third part of Received English Law in addition to Doctrines of Equity and Common Law is the
11. The repugnancy test of validity of customary law requires that for customary law to be valid, it must not be repugnant to, equity and
12. A person is not qualified for appointment as a Justice of the Supreme Court except he has been qualified to practice as a legal practitioner in Nigeria for at leastyears.
13. is something that has value in law.
14. The Nigerian legal system is a legal system.
15. is a broad statement of principle, the truth and reasonableness of which are self-evident.
16. A new condition introduced by the offeree in the acceptance of an offer is called
17. The Court that has unlimited original jurisdiction in both civil and criminal matters is the
18. Laws passed by Parliament or the Legislative arm of government, that is the State House of Assembly or the National Assembly is known as
19. In the event of any conflict between the common law and the law of equity, would prevail.
20. A legal system is one in which different sources of laws form its legal system.

SECTION B

Answer question 1 and any other two.

Question 1 (20 Marks)

- a. What is a contract? (5 Marks)
- b. Explain 3 distinctions between civil and criminal liability (6 Marks)
- c. Explain three elements of a contract (9 marks)

Question 2 (10 Marks)

- a. Highlight the composition and jurisdictions of the Supreme Court (7 Marks)
- b. Briefly explain how the magistrate court works (3 Marks)

Question 3 (10 Marks)

- a. Explain what you understand by vicarious liability. (4 Marks)
- b. Explain briefly 3 ways by which a contract can be terminated (6 Marks)

Question 4 (10 Marks)

- a. What is law? (2 Marks)
- b. Explain two sources of Nigerian law (8 Marks)