

BOWEN UNIVERSITY, IWO
COLLEGE OF MANAGEMENT AND SOCIAL SCIENCES
ECONOMICS PROGRAMME

2020/2021 B.Sc. SECOND SEMESTER EXAMINATION

COURSE TITLE: Mathematical Techniques for Economists II

COURSE CODE: ECN 204

TIME ALLOWED: $2\frac{1}{2}$ HOURS

CREDIT: 3units

DATE: August, 2021

INSTRUCTIONS: Answer questions one and any other three questions.

1. Transpose of a rectangular matrix is a

- (a) Rectangular matrix
- (b) Diagonal matrix
- (c) Square matrix
- (d) Scalar matrix

Ans: rectangular matrix

2. In matrix, columns are denoted by

- a) A
- b) B
- c) R
- d) C

Ans: D

3. Two matrices A and B are multiplied to get AB if

- a) Both are rectangular
- b) Both have same order
- c) No columns of A is equal to column of B
- d) No of rows of A is equal to no of column of B

Ans: No columns of A is equal to column of B

4. Transpose of a row matrix is

- a) Zero matrix
- b) Diagonal matrix
- c) Column matrix
- d) Row matrix

Ans: Column matrix C

5. If A and B are matrices, then which from the following is true?

- a) $AB \neq BA$
- b) $(A^t)^t \neq A$
- c) $A + B \neq B + A$
- d) all are true

Ans: $AB \neq BA$

6. Two matrices A and B are added if

- a) both are rectangular
- b) both have same order
- c) no of columns of A is equal to columns of B

d) no of rows of A is equal to no of columns of B

Ans: both have same order

7. A square or a rectangular array of numbers written within square brackets in a definite order in rows and columns is known as

a) Determine

b) Formula

c) Matrix

d) Equation

Ans: Matrix

8. If A is a symmetric matrix, then $A^T =$

a) 0

b) A

c) |A|

d) diagonal matrix

Ans: B

9. A square matrix in which all elements except at least one element in diagonal are zeros is said to be a

a) Identical matrix

b) Null/zero matrix

c) Column matrix

d) Diagonal matrix

Ans: Diagonal matrix

10. If the order of matrix A is $m \times p$. And the order of B is $p \times n$. Then the order of matrix AB is?

a) $n \times p$

b) $m \times n$

c) $m \times p$

d) $n \times m$

Ans: $m \times n$

11. using $d(x^n) = nx^{n-1}$, select an anti-derivative of x^6

a) $6x^5$

b) $\frac{1}{5}x^5$

c) $\frac{1}{7}x^7$

d) $\frac{1}{6}x^7$

Ans: C

12. Select the correct result for the indefinite integral $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} dx$

a) $\sqrt{x} + C$

b) $\frac{1}{2}x^{-\frac{3}{2}} + C$

c) $\frac{1}{2}x^{\frac{1}{2}} + C$

d) $\frac{2}{\sqrt{x^2}} + C$

Ans: A

13. Use this property to find the general anti-derivative of $3x^2 - 2x^3$

- a) C
- b) $x^3 - \frac{1}{2}x^4 + C$
- c) $\frac{3}{2}x^3 - \frac{2}{3}x^4 + C$
- d) $x^3 + \frac{2}{3}x + C$

Ans: b

14. If $y = \int 3x dx$ and at $x = 2$, it is measured that $y = 4$, calculate the integration constant.

- a) $C = 2$
- b) $C = 4$
- c) $C = -2$
- d) $C = 10$

Ans: C

15. Given $m(u) = x^2 + 3x$ find the TC

- a) $\frac{1}{8}x^8 + C$
- b) $\frac{x^3}{3} + \frac{3x^2}{2} + C$
- c) $\frac{1}{a}e^{ax} + c$

Ans: b

16. Given $\int_b^a (fx) dx$

What is a and b are called?

- a) The constants
- b) The limits
- c) The variables
- d) Discrete terms

Ans: B

17. The equation in qtn (16) above is called a.....?

- a) Definite integral
- b) Indefinite integral
- c) Definite differential
- d) Indefinite differential

Ans: A

18. The first order, first degree differential equation $y' = f(x, y)$ is said to be homogeneous, if

- a) $f(x, y)$ is a homogeneous function of degree zero.
- b) $f(x, y)$ is a homogeneous function of second degree
- c) $f(x, y)$ is a homogeneous function of first degree
- d) $f(x, y)$ is a homogeneous function of third degree

Ans: C

19. All but one is not a role of Linear algebra (Matrix)

- a) Permits expression of a complicated system of equations in a succinct, simplified way,

- b) Provides a shorthand method to determine whether a solution exists before it is attempted
- c) Furnishes the means of solving the equation system
- d) Checks for causality

Ans: D

20. $Y_t = by_{t-1} + a$, is an example of?

- a) Differential equation
- b) Quadratic equation
- c) Simultaneous equation
- d) Difference equation

Ans: D

21. All but one of the following is not an Economic application of first order difference equation.

- a) The Domar consumption model
- b) When compounding annually
- c) Harrod growth model
- d) The cobweb model

Ans: A

22. Given two equations $C_t = 300 + 0.5Y_t + 0.4Y_{t-1}$ and $Y_{t+3} - 9Y_{t+2} + 6Y_t = 8$ what is the order of these equations respectively?

- a) 3, 8
- b) 1, 8
- c) 1, 1
- d) 1, 3

Ans: D

23. the differential equation of the type $x^n \frac{d^n y}{dx^n} + a_1 x^{n-1} \frac{d^{n-1} y}{dx^{n-1}} + \dots + a_n y = x$ where x is either a constant or a function of x only, is

- a) linear but not homogenous
- b) homogeneous but not linear
- c) both homogeneous and linear
- d) neither linear not homogeneous

Ans: C

24. solve $\int_{-1}^4 (4x + 1) dx$

- a) 46
- b) 28
- c) 35
- d) 72

Ans: C

2 marks

25. If $dy/dx = (2 - x)(4 - 3x)$, what is y ?

- a) $2x + x^2 + c$
- b) $8x - 5x^2 + c$
- c) $8x - 5x^2 + x^3 + c$
- d) $x - 5x^2 + x^3 + c$

Ans: C

2 Marks

26. the general solution to the differential equation $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + \frac{dy}{dx} - 6y = x$ is given by

- a) $y = c_1e^{3x} + c_2e^{-3x}$
- b) $y = c_1e^{-3x} + c_2e^{2x}$
- c) $y = c_1e^{3x} + c_2e^{-2x}$
- d) $y = c_1e^{2x} + e^{-3x}$

Ans: b or c

3 marks

SECTION 2:

1. $\int \kappa e^{3\kappa^2} d\kappa$

- a) $\frac{1}{6}e^{3\kappa^2} + C$
- b) $e^{3\kappa^2} + C$
- c) $6\log 3\kappa + C$
- d) $2e^{3\kappa^2} + C$

Ans: A

2 Marks

2. A manufacturer determines that the firm's $MC = 200 + 0.4\chi$, find the change in cost that results when the sales level is increased from 10 to 50 units.

- a) 7,560
- b) 7,520
- c) 8,240
- d) 6,240

Ans: B

4 marks

3. A manufacturer determines that the firm's $MR = 200 + 0.2\chi$, find the change in revenue that results when the sales level is increased from 10 to 50 units.

- a) 8,060
- b) 7,560
- c) 8,240
- d) 8,000

Ans: C

4 marks