BOWEN UNIVERSITY, IWO

GENERAL STUDIES UNIT FIRST SEMESTER 2013/2014

MAKE-UP TEST

COURSE CODE: GST 301	COURSE TITLE: CULTURE AND CIVILIZATION IN AFRICA
NAME:	MATRIC NO:
PROGRAMME:	TIME ALLOWED: 10 MINUTES
INSTRUCTION: ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS	
(1) developed a writing system b	ased on an Arabian script.
(a) Egypt (b) Fayum (c) Kush	(d) Axum
(2) The East African Coast engaged in marit	ime trade with the
(a) Egyptians (b) Romans (c) Axu	mites (d) Kushite
(3) The famous Muslim scholar	attested to kilwa as the most beautiful and well
constructed city he had ever seen. (a) Ibn	Battuta (b) Ibn Khaldum (c) al Sadi (d) al Kadi
(4) Old Oyo was able to fight and subdue	as a result of her reputable calvary force.
(a) Benin (b) Ilorin (c) Borgu	(d) Borno
(5) By the we could talk of Hausa l	anguage, Hausa culture and a group of people one
could call Hausa people. (a) 6 th C A. D.	(b) 7 th C A. D. (c) 10 th C A. D. (d) 11 th C A. D.
(6) A tablet of stone known as	bears a detailed list of all Kashta conquests in the
Kingdom of Kush. (a) Gerzean (b) Jebe	el Barkal (c) Shrine of Apis (d) Temple of Isis
(7) was the largest territorially,	politically and the most culturally advanced empire in the
Guinea Forest region in the 18 th C.	
(a) Benin empire (b) Oyo empire	(c) Sokoto caliphate (d) Dahomey kingdom
	eople in Hausaland had been smelting iron and metal as far
back as the (a) 6 th C A. D. (b) 7 th C	
	sa cities, we rely essentially on
	hs & legends (c) Kano archives (d) archaeological evidence
	of (a) constituted monarchy
	nentary government (d) centralized monarchy