

# BOWEN UNIVERSITY, IWO, NIGERIA

COLLEGE OF COMPUTING AND COMMUNICATION STUDIES

INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY PROGRAMME B.SC. (HON) INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY FIRST SEMESTER 2023/2024 EXAMINATION

COURSE CODE:

**IFT 331** 

**UNIT: 3UNITS** 

LEVEL: 300

COURSE TITLE:

DATABASE PROGRAMMING

INSTRUCTION(S):

ANSWER QUESTION ONE AND ANY OTHER THREE

TIME ALLOWED:

3HOURS

### **Question One**

- (a) Every organization has information that it must store and manage to meet its requirements. For example, a corporation must collect and maintain human resources records for its employees. In doing so, a database application is required. Describe Database Management System (DBMS) and state three (3) DBMS elements. [8marks]
- (b) A database application is a software program that interacts with a database to access and manipulate data. State and describe two (2) types of first generation of database management systems. [6 marks]
- (c) A relational database is a database that conforms to the relational model. State and Describe Three (3) major aspects of the relational model. [8 marks]
- (d) Briefly describe object-relational database management system (ORDBMS)[3 marks]

## **Question Two**

- (a) A relational database management system (RDBMS) moves data into a database, stores the data, and retrieves it so that applications can manipulate it. State and describe two (2) operations that distinguishes between the RDBMS. [6 marks]
- (b) The current version of Oracle Database is the result of over 40 years of innovative development. Highlight ten (10) evolution of Oracle Database. [5 marks]
- (c) Describe Schema in relation to Oracle Database [4 marks]

#### **Question Three**

- (a) In three (3) paragraphs describe Structured Query Language in relation RDBMS [6 marks]
- (b) A SQL statement is a string of SQL text such as SELECT first\_name, last\_name FROM employees; State five (5) tasks that can be perform on SQL statement [5 marks]
- (c) State three (3) primary benefit of PL/SQL as a procedural extension to Oracle SQL [4 marks]

## **Question Four**

- (a) An Oracle database server consists of a database and at least one database instance, commonly referred to as simply an instance. Differentiate between database and database instance. [5 marks]
- (b) Write short note on the following technical terms:
  - (i) Data blocks [2.5 marks]
  - (ii) Extents [2.5 marks]
  - (iii) Segments [2.5 marks]
  - (iv) Tablespaces [2.5 marks]

## Question Five

- (a) The application architecture is the computing environment in which a database application connects to an Oracle database. State and Describe two (2) most common database architectures. [6 marks]
- (b) State and describe two (2) common ways to configure an oracle database to service client requests. [6 marks]
- (c) Describe Container in relation to Multitenant architecture. [3 marks]

## Question Six

- (a) A common user is a user that owns object account that define the database. State four (4) characteristic of common users. [4 marks]
- (b) A local user is a database user that is not common and can operate only within a single PDB. State five (5) characteristic of local users. [5 marks]
- (c) Write short notes on the following technical terms:
  - (i) Columns [1.5 marks]
  - (ii) Virtual Columns [1.5 marks]
  - (iii) Invisible Columns [1.5 marks]
  - (iv) Rows [1.5 marks]