

BOWEN UNIVERSITY, IWO
GENERAL STUDIES UNIT
FRIST SEMESTER 2011/2012 EXAMINATION

TYPE B

COURSE CODE: GST 301

COURSE TITLE: CULTURE AND CIVILIZATION IN AFRICA

NAME:

MATRIC NO:

PROGRAMME:

TIME ALLOWED: 45 MINUTES

- 1) Culture history of most African communities were preserved through
a) Linguistic evidence
b) Proverbs c) Diaries d) Recorders e) Chiefs
- 2) The Mali was founded by the
a) Soninke b) Malinke c) Bambara
- 3) Reserved written documents are usually kept in the
a) Library b) Archives c) Museum
d) Shrines e) Shelve
- 4) The Adja people can be mostly found in
a) Nigeria b) Ghana c) Togo d) Swahili
- 5) An example of Acheulian site in Nigeria is
a) Jarawa b) Kaduna c) Jos d) Katsina
- 6) A tablet of stone at bore a detailed list of all Kasta conquests
a) Temple of Isis
b) Shine of Apis c) Giza d) Jebel Barkal e) Fayuum
- 7) The discovery of the solar year and the division of the year into 12 months testified to Egypt remarkable strides in
a) Craftsmanship b) Literature c) Astronomy
d) Mathematics
- 8) Oldowan culture sites are found not only in Olduvai Gorge in Tanzania, but also in
a) Morocco b) Kenya c) Aro d) Nupeland
- 9) was an example of Arab writer on Sudanese empires
a) Al said b) Muhamed Bello
c) Al Kadi d) Uthman dan Fodio
- 10) The characteristic tool of the Oldowan culture is
a) Hammer tools b) Pebble tools
c) Olduvai Gorge d) Material tools
- 11) is the biggest country in West Africa
a) Ghana b) Togo c) Nigeria d) Akure
- 12) The book entitled Primitive Culture was written in
a) 1901 b) 2000 c) 1871
d) 1817
- 13) The Adja can be sub divided into
a) Dosunmu b) Igala c) Fon and Mali
e) Ewe d) Egun
- 14) The old kingdom in Egypt is otherwise known as
a) the golden period b) The New kingdom
c) The pyramid period d) The Pharaohnic Age
- 15) The most impressive funeral monuments were located at
a) Memphis b) Giza c) Nubia
d) Moon city e) Olduvai Gorges
- 16) suggested that history is that field of discipline that involves a critical study of the past
a) E.H. Carr b) D.F. McCall c) Thurstan Shaw d) Aristotle
- 17) The Mossi people domesticated for:
a) Politics b) Religion c) Ceremonial purposes
d) Business enterprise

- 18) Culture is a) Dynamic b) Static c) Valueless d) Heterogenous
- 19) is a testimony to the wealth and splendour of the early Egyptian civilization
a) Colossal pyramids b) Fertile crescent c) Irrigation d) Commerce
- 20) The success and efficiency of irrigation required a) Organized government
b) Land control c) Settlement d) Accumulation of wealth
- 21) The word 'COSMOS' is synonymous with
a) Africa b) America c) United kingdom d) World
- 22) The king of Dahomey was noted for taking part in every activity and this is referred to as
a) Honourable b) Digestion c) Absolution d) Integrity
- 23) Dahomey was famous of the corps of female soldiers known as
a) Pioneer b) Amazon c) Warrior d) freedom Fighters
- 24) Before the introduction of cowry and paper currency, the people of West Africa traded through a means of exchange known as a) Trade by currency b) Trade by exchange
c) Trade by consent d) Trade by barter
- 25) helps in determining cultural interactions between different groups
a) Written sources b) Archaeological evidence c) linguistic evidence d) Oral traditions
- 26) Learning about the past of mankind was developed into a discipline by the great Greek historian called a) L.T. Leakey b) Thurstan Shaw c) D.F. McCall
d) Herodotus
- 27) The highly impressive empire building in Egypt bore testimony to advancement in
Egypt a) Craftsmanship b) Literature c) Astronomy d) Mathematics
- 28) were manufactured for digging roots and tubers a) Hooks b) Saw c) Arrows
d) Picks
- 29) The Soninke, the Malinke and the Bambara are referred to as a) Arabs
b) Mandingo c) British d) Simbabwean
- 30) Sudanese empires wrote in a) Swahili b) Hieroglyphics c) Meroitic and Arabic
d) Portuguese
- 31) Traditional griots comprised a) Drummers b) Traders c) Traditions d) Oral testimonies
- 32) formed the first and major evidence of man's culture, civilization and existence
a) Stone tools b) Iron tools c) Metal tools d) Bronze tools
- 33) The earliest evidence of writing came from a) Summeria b) Mesopotamia
c) Assyria d) Morocco c) Tigris and Euphrates
- 34) The Mandingo are famous in West African history for
a) Religion b) Politics c) Empire building
- 35) The popular confluence town where the two biggest rivers in Nigeria met is
a) Kano b) Wagadugu c) Lagos d) Sokoto c) Lokoja
- 36) developed a form of writings derived from Egyptian hieroglyphics and also produced fine pottery and jewelry a) Axum b) Kush c) Ethiopia d) Meroe
- 37) East Africa wrote in a) Swahili b) Hieroglyphics c) Meroitic and Arabic
d) Portuguese
- 38) was a major source of Egyptian influence in sub Saharan Africa
a) Axum b) Kush c) Ethiopia d) Meroe

- 39) is an example of literary source that are found among the Islamic peoples in Northern Nigeria and North Africa. a) European sources b) Arabic writing c) Indigenous writing d) Insibidi
- 40) State ministers found in Dahomey were known as a) Migan and Agau
b) Zulu and Gaa c) Gau and Agau
- 41) Hieroglyphics is an example of Egyptian's advancement in a) Craftsmanship
b) Literature c) Astronomy d) Mathematics
- 42) The prominent deserts in Africa are a) Mississippi and Chicago
b) Kilimanjaro and Everest c) Ganges and Tigris d) Sahara and Kalahari
- 43) One of the major articles of trade before the coming of the Whites in West Sudan are
a) Sugar b) Tomatoc c) Gold d) wood e) Wine
- 44) is mainly a woodland culture a) Oldowan culture b) Achaelian culture
c) Sangoan culture d) Lupemban culture
- 45) suggested that there is no distinction between the concepts of 'culture' and 'civilization' that the two words are synonyms a) Kroeber and Kluckohn b) E.B. Tylor
c) Anthony Gidden d) UNESCO
- 46) was an example of indigenous African writer who had acquired the knowledge of Arabic writing. a) Uthman dan Fodio b) Al Kadi c) Al sadi d) Ibn Batuta
e) Al Maghili
- 47) The Mossi people domesticated donkey for
a) Food b) Exchange c) Transportation d) War
- 48) Due to the effectiveness of the corps of female soldiers, visitors referred to Dahomey as a) Faithful people b) Femocious warlords c) The kingdom where women fight better than men d) Useless guys.
- 49) The Old Ghana Kingdom was founded by the a) Bambara b) Soninke
c) Fulani d) Kanuri e) Ewe
- 50) suggested that historical facts are in documents, that the historian collects them, takes them home, cooks them and serves them in whatever style appeals to him
a) Aristotle b) D.F. McCall c) Will Durant d) Collingwood
- 51) is the most primitive stage of man's cultural development a) Lupemban culture
b) Oldowan culture c) Achaelian culture d) Sangoan
- 52) Iado was the ancestral origin of Fon people as was regarded as the origin of the Yoruba a) Ibadan b) Iwo c) Ile Ife
- 53) The generally accepted definition for 'culture' was given by a) O.O. Adedokun
b) E.B. Tylor c) T. Olagbemi d) E. Ayisi e) Wole Soyinka
- 54) formed the first and major evidence of man's culture, civilization and existence
a) Iron tools b) Stone tools c) Metal tools d) Bronze tools
- 55) The famous temple of Abu Simbel was built by Ramses II during the period
a) Pharaonic period b) Golden period c) New Kingdom d) Gerzean period
- 56) The Nile valley civilization was unraveled through a) Oral traditions b) Written sources
c) Linguistic evidence d) Archaeology e) Ethnography
- 57) Enhance historical data by providing chronological lists of rulers narrating events in the form of king lists. a) Written sources b) Archaeology c) linguistic evidence
d) Oral traditions

- 58) is one of the viable tools required in oral traditions for collecting data. a) Diaries
 b) Artefacts c) Folklore d) Chiefs
- 59) In Shona language, the word Zimbabwe means a) Lion b) Mining
 c) Stone building d) Marble building
- 60) The revolutionary invention of the Marked a new epoch in the history of man and agriculture in various ways a) Pack-ans b) Plough oxen c) Sailing boat
 d) Metal tools
- 61) One big river in Nigeria is a) Lagoon b) Niger c) Mississippi c) Dogo d) Sea
- 62) The cultural expressions in Axum were typified in its
 a) Churches b) Pyramids c) Monuments d) Cathedrals
- 63) The Fulani in Nigeria are mostly found in a) Bornu State b) Sokoto State c) Oyo State
 d) Iwo State e) Niger State
- 64) The invention of not only made hunting more efficient, hunters were less exposed to danger a) Hooks b) Spear c) Axe d) Microliths
- 65) The language of the Bariba people is classified under a) Arabic b) Spanish
 c) Voltaic d) Ewe (groups of languages)
- 66) It has been suggested by That Egyptian method of calculation was better than that of the Greeks a) Leakey b) Tylor c) D.F. McCall d) Herodotus
- 67) From time immemorable, the East African coast had engaged in maritime trade with the a) Romans b) Axumites c) Kushites d) Ethiopians
- 68) The Mossi people usually refer to their country as the (the land of the Mossi)
 a) Mogho b) Neighbour c) Famous
- 69) An Example of Swahili city State is a) Mombasa b) Sofala c) Mogadishu
 d) Tanzania
- 70) A very famous lake at the north eastern part of Nigeria is known as
 a) Lake Ngami b) Lake Nyansa c) Lake Victoria d) Lake Chad